

Condensed interim consolidated financial statements and review report RA Holding Corp.

For the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016

General information

Commercial Registration 279024 obtained on 28 June 2013

Board of Directors : Eugene Irwin Davis Chairman

Matthew Charles Turner Director

Matthew Alexander Doheny Director

David John Burlison Director

Brent William De Jong Director

Khalil Ebrahim Nooruddin Director

William Brannan Mollison Director

Registered Office : Paget-Brown Trust Company Ltd. office

Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 111

Grand Cayman KY1-1102

Cayman Islands

Bankers : Bank of New York Mellon

Royal Bank of Scotland

First Caribbean International Bank

HSBC Ltd. Singapore

National Bank of Bahrain

Auditors : Grant Thornton - Abdulaal

P.O. Box 11175

12th floor, Al Nakheel Tower

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Kingdom of Bahrain



Review report

To the Shareholders of RA Holding Corp.

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Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial statements of RA Holding Corp. (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group"), which comprise the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2016, and the condensed interim consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows and condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity for the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information. The Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim consolidated financial information does not present fairly, in all material respects, the condensed interim consolidated financial position of the Group as at 31 March 2016, and its condensed interim consolidated financial performance and its condensed interim consolidated cash flows for the nine month period then ended in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting.

30 May 2016

Manama, Kingdom of Bahrain

Grane Thornson

Condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position As at 31 March 2016

		Unaudited 31 March 2016	Audited 30 June 2015
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Assets			
Balances with banks	3	44,637	164,296
Receivables	4	166,038	174,331
Investments	5	140,241	160,377
Other assets		2,819	2,044
Total assets		353,735	501,048
Liabilities and equity Liabilities			
Accrued incentive fees	6	35.852	54,740
Distribution payable to preference shareholders	8	3,699	
Other liabilities	7	8,210	8,429
Total liabilities excluding net assets attributable to senior class A preference shares	_	47,761	63,169
Senior class A preference shares	8	305,973	•
Total liabilities including net assets attributable to	_	303,973	437,856
senior class A preference shares	_	353,734	501,025
Equity Share capital		1	1
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent	_		
Non-controlling interest		1	1
Total equity	_		22
		1	23_
Total liabilities and equity	-	353,735	501,048

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements present fairly the condensed interim consolidated financial condition of the Group as at 31 March 2016 and its condensed interim consolidated operations for the nine months period then ended.

Eugene I. Davis Chairman of the Board of Directors

Condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss For the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016

				Unaudited	Unaudited
	Th	ree months end	lad (unsuditad)	Period from	Period from
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2016	2015	2016	2015
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
		000 000	(Restated)	004 000	(Restated)
			(**************************************		(**************************************
Income					
Management fee income	4.2	8,660	8,432	21,149	28,185
Profit on murabaha with investee companies	4.4	4 240	2.007	4.007	44.000
Capital gain on disposal of	4.1	1,319	3,967	4,087	11,696
investments	5	195	51,971	888	49,025
Fair value (loss) / gain on	•		01,011	550	45,020
investments, net	14	(7,424)	(40,712)	(15,380)	23,584
Other income	10	1,129	425	3,784	4,323
Total income	•	3,879	24,083	14,528	116,813
Expenses	•				
Financing expenses	11	-	(18,754)	_	(72,301)
Asset management and					, , ,
incentive fees	6	(3,692)	(3,570)	(6,000)	(9,719)
Performance based incentive fees					
Realised	6	(54)	(8,209)	(213)	(8,744)
Unrealised	6	159	7,376	1,454	2,303
Legal and professional expenses Staff costs	12	(1,707)	(3,705)	(5,181)	(10,510)
General and administrative expense	s 13	(970)	6 (986)	(2,783)	(2.647)
Total expenses	5 15				(3,647)
•	-	(6,264)	(27,842)	(12,723)	(102,618)
Operating (loss) / profit		(2,385)	(3,759)	1,805	14,195
Reversal / (charge) of provisions		V-			
against receivables, net	4	4,105	(2,607)	4,213	(3,406)
Loss on foreign exchange	_	(5,700)	(8,060)	(14,861)	(21,406)
Loss before changes in senior					
class A preference shareholder	S	(3,980)	(14,426)	(8,843)	(10,617)
Decrease in obligation to senior		6	8 10		
class A preference shareholders		3,980	14,426	8,821	10,635
(Loss) / profit for the period		-	•	(22)	18
Attributable to:					
Shareholders of the Parent		-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interest				(22)	18
			-	(22)	18

I hereby certify that, to the best of my knowledge, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements present fairly the condensed interim consolidated financial condition of the Group as at 31 March 2016 and its condensed interim consolidated operations for the nine months period then ended.

Eugene I. Davis Chairman of the Board of Directors

The accounting policies and the notes from pages 8 to 30 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed interim consolidated statement of other comprehensive income

For the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016

	Three months er	nded (unaudited)	Unaudited Period from 1 July 2015 to	Unaudited Period from 1 July 2014 to
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000 (Restated)	US\$ '000	US\$ '000 (Restated)
Net (loss) / profit for the period	-	-	(22)	18
Other comprehensive (loss) / income Items to be reclassified to profit or los in subsequent periods: Exchange differences on translation of	ss			
foreign operations (Decrease) / increase in obligation to	1,068	1,365	1,625	(100)
senior class A preference shares	(1,068)	(1,365)	(1,625)	100
Total comprehensive (loss) / income for the period		*	(22)	18
Attributable to:				
Shareholders of the Parent	-	-	-	-
Non-controlling interest	-		(22)	18
	•		(22)	18

Condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity For the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016

		Non-	
	Share	controlling	Total
	capital US\$'000	interest US\$'000	equity US\$'000
	444		
Balance as at 1 July 2014	1	(36)	(35)
Net profit and total comprehensive income for the period	-	18	18
Balance as at 31 March 2015 - Unaudited	1	(18)	(17)
Balance as at 1 July 2015	1	22	23
Net loss and total comprehensive loss for the period	(=)	(22)	(22)
Balance as at 31 March 2016 - Unaudited	1		1

The accounting policies and the notes from pages 8 to 30 form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows For the period from 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016

	Notes	Unaudited Period from 1 July 2015 to 31 March 2016 US\$ '000	Unaudited Period from 1 July 2014 to 31 March 2015 US\$ '000
Operating activities Loss before changes in obligation to senior class A preference shareholders		(8,843)	(Restated) (10,617)
Adjustments: Financing expenses (Reversal) / charge of provisions against		-	72,301
receivables, net	4	(4,213)	3,406
Fair value loss / (gain) on investments, net	14	15,380	(23,584)
Performance based incentive fees (unrealised)	6	(1,454)	(2,303)
,	_	(1,101)	(2,000)
Operating gain before changes in operating assets and liabilities Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		870	39,203
Receivables		12,506	104,956
Investments		6,381	698,957
Other assets		(775)	754
Other liabilities		94	(3,898)
Accrued incentive fees		(17,434)	(5,176)
Restricted cash	3 _	(3,064)	16,999
		(1,422)	851,795
Financing expenses paid		-	(28,439)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activit	ies	(1,422)	823,356
Financing activities			4
Repayments of due to financial and other institutions		-	(370,225)
Repayments of obligations under Mudaraba		- (404.004)	(360,760)
Distributions to senior class A preference shareholders	-	(121,301)	
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(121,301)	(730,985)
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents		(122,723)	92,371
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period		161,221	91,468
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	3	38,498	183,839
F	_ =		,

1 Introduction

a) Corporate information

RA Holding Corp. (the "Company" or the "Successor Company" or "RA Holding" and together with its subsidiaries "RA Group" or the "Group") is an exempt limited liability company incorporated in the Cayman Islands on 28 June 2013 with its registered office situated at the offices of Paget-Brown Trust Company Ltd., Boundary Hall, Cricket Square, P.O. Box 1111, Grand Cayman KY1-1102, Cayman Islands.

b) Activities

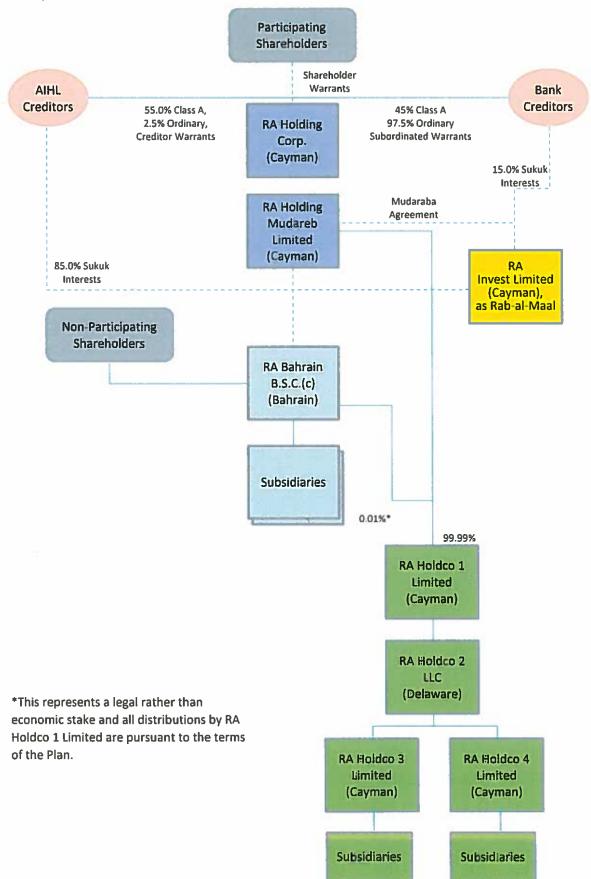
The Company has been formed to indirectly hold a portfolio of private equity investments that were originally partially owned and managed by Arcapita Bank B.S.C. (c) ("Arcapita" or the "Predecessor Company" or the "Bank"), a wholesale bank incorporated in the Kingdom of Bahrain. The objective of the Company is to hold and manage the transferred investments and sell these down in the normal course of business in a manner which is expected to maximize the return to all stakeholders.

The structure of RA Group is set forth in note 1(d) to the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

c) Approval of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been approved and authorised for issuance by the Board of Directors on 30 May 2016.

- 1 Introduction (continued)
- d) Group structure



2 Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation

The condensed interim financial statements of the Group have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting. They do not include all of the information required in annual financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2015. In addition, results for the nine months period ended 31 March 2016 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the financial year ending 30 June 2016.

The Group consists of the Company and its subsidiaries and affiliates as detailed in note 2.2.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements represent the only financial statements issued for the Group.

The assets of the Predecessor Company were transferred to the Group primarily at their fair values as determined by third party independent valuers as on 17 September 2013, the date of emergence, whereas, liabilities were recognised at their estimated settlement amounts.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in United States Dollar (US\$), which is the Group's functional currency, and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (US\$ '000) except when otherwise indicated.

2.2 Basis of consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements comprise the condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the period ended 31 March 2016. The consolidated subsidiaries of Arcapita were transferred to RA Group on the emergence date in accordance with the Plan of Reorganization and have been consolidated from 17 September 2013 to the date of condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared using consistent accounting policies. The Group has utilised the "investment entity" exemption for investment in subsidiaries held for sale in the normal course of business. These investments are carried at fair value through profit or loss.

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed to, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- a) Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- b) Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and,
- c) The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- a) The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- b) Rights arising from other contractual arrangements; and,
- c) The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Group will re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss and comprehensive income from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

2 Significant accounting policies (continued)

2.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)

All intra-group assets and liabilities between members of the Group are eliminated in full upon consolidation.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction. If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it:

- Derecognises the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- Derecognises the carrying amount of any non-controlling interests;
- Derecognises the cumulative translation differences recorded in equity;
- Recognises the fair value of the consideration received;
- Recognises the fair value of any investment retained;

behalf of the Group and investors.

- Recognises any surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and,
- Reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognised in other comprehensive
 income to profit or loss or retained earnings, as appropriate, as would be required if the Group had
 directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

The following are the principal operating subsidiaries of the Company which have been consolidated in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements:

these condensed interim consolidated financial statements	•		
Subsidiary	Ownership	Year of incorporation	Country of incorporation
RA Holding Mudareb Limited ("RA Mudareb")			
RA Mudareb is the holding company of RA Holdco 1 Limited and the indirect parent of Arcapita Bank B.S.C. (c).	100%	2013	Cayman Islands
RA Holdco 1 Limited ("RA Holdco 1")			
RA Holdco 1 is the holding company of RA Holdco 2 Limited, RA Holdco 3 Limited, ALTHL and other Working Capital Finance (WCF) interests transferred from Arcapita.	99.99%	2013	Cayman Islands
RA Holdco 2 LLC (Delaware) ("RA Holdco 2")		
RA Holdco 2 is the holding company of RA Holdco 3 Limited, RALTHL and other Working Capital Finance (WCF) interests transferred from Arcapita.	100%	2013	Delaware (United States of America)
RA LT Holdings Limited ("RALTHL") (for	nerly knowr	as Arcapita LT	Holdings Limited
RALTHL's main activity is to hold the Group's share in investee companies.	100%	2010	Cayman Islands
RA Holdco 3 Limited ("RA Holdco 3") RA Holdco 3 is the holding company of RAIML, RAIFL and other management companies.	100%	2013	Cayman Islands
RA Legacy Limited ("RA Legacy") (forme	rly known as	Arcapita Limite	d)
Its main activities are to monitor the performance of the acquired companies on	100%	2003	United Kingdom

Significant accounting policies (continued) 2

2.2 Basis of consolidation (continued)

6t-idi	Oromanahim	Year of	Country of
Subsidiary	Ownership	incorporation	incorporation

RAIM Limited ("RAIML") (formerly known as Arcapita Investment Management Limited)

RAIML's main activity is to maintain and manage the books of accounts of the investee companies.

1997

Cayman Islands

RA Investment Funding Limited ("RAIFL") (formerly known as Arcapita Investment Funding Limited)

100%

RAIFL is the holding company of ASFL; its main activities are to sponsor other investment banking activities.

100% 1998

Cayman Islands

RA Structured Finance Limited ("RASFL") (formerly known as Arcapita Structured Finance Limited)

100% 1998 Cayman Islands RASFL's main activity is to structure Islamic acceptable financing facilities to portfolio companies and to undertake postacquisition asset management.

RA Bahrain B.S.C. (c) ("Arcapita") * (formerly known as Arcapita Bank B.S.C. (c))

Arcapita is the Predecessor Company as explained in note 1.

85.27%

1996

Kingdom of

Bahrain

Significant accounting policies, judgements and estimates 2.3

The same accounting policies, judgements, estimates, presentation and methods of computation have been followed in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements as were applied in the preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2015.

^{*}Arcapita Bank B.S.C. (c) was renamed RA Bahrain B.S.C. (c) on 10 September 2014 following its emergence from Chapter 11.

3 Balances with banks

	Notes	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	30 June 2015 US\$ '000
Balances with banks		44,637	164,296
Less: restricted cash held for distributions	3.1	(3,699)	177
Less: restricted cash held for indemnity obligations	3.2	(2,440)	(3,075)
Cash and cash equivalents		38,498	161,221

- 3.1 This balance includes US\$ 3.7 million (30 June 2015: Nil) of funds that are held on account of distribution beneficiaries for which the distributions have been declared but the delivery of the distributions is pending. These balances are not available for use in the day to day operations of the Group and have therefore been excluded from cash and cash equivalents in the condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows.
- 3.2 This balance includes US\$ 2.4 million (30 June 2015: US\$ 3.1 million) that is maintained to secure the Group's indemnity obligations (e.g., taxes, professional fees, and wind down expense), if any, pursuant to the terms of divesture of certain assets. These balances are not available for use in the day to day operations of the Group and have therefore been excluded from cash and cash equivalents in the condensed interim consolidated statement of cash flows.

4 Receivables

			31 March 2016	
		Gross		Net
		receivable	Provisions	receivable
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Due from investee companies:				
Murabaha with investee companies	4.1	301,152	(255,636)	45,516
Management fee receivables	4.2	178,598	(68,565)	110,033
Receivables from investee companies	4.3	27,662	(17,689)	9,973
Other receivables		20,814	(20,298)	516
Receivable from financial institutions		33,483	(33,483)	-
		561,709	(395,671)	166,038
			30 June 2015	
		Gross	•	Net
		receivable	Provisions	receivable
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Due from investee companies:				
Murabaha with investee companies	4.1	309,290	(260,869)	48,421
Management fee receivables	4.2	178,361	(65,834)	112,527
Receivables from investee companies	4.3	30,804	(17,911)	12,893
Other receivables		25,042	(24,552)	490
Receivable from financial institutions		33,483	(33,483)	
		576,980	(402,649)	174,331

- 4 Receivables (continued)
- 4.1 These receivables carry profit rates ranging from 15% to 20% (30 June 2015: 15% to 20%).
- 4.2 Management fees are charged to syndication and investment holding companies on behalf of investors in accordance with the administration agreements. These are ordinarily settled upon exit of the underlying investments.
- 4.3 This balance includes receivables amounting to US\$ 2.7 million as at 30 June 2015 which will be settled through proceeds from escrow funds. Escrow funds represent a percentage of the sale proceeds of investments held in an escrow account to be used in the event of indemnification or an adjustment of the sale price. These escrow balances are carried at their face value assuming full recoverability. The escrow release dates range are up to 5 years (30 June 2015: 5 years) from the end of the reporting period.

4.4 Movement in provision

4.4 Movement in provision	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	30 June 2015 US\$ '000
Beginning balance	402,649	434,597
Charge for the period / year Reversals for the period / year Net reversal for the period / year Management fee income - suspended Write off on settlement of receivables Foreign exchange movement	1,740 (5,953) (4,213) 3,790 (7) (6,548)	3,133 (13,034) (9,901) 6,274 (15,820) (12,501)
Ending balance	395,671	402,649
5 Investments		
	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	30 June 2015 US\$ '000
Real estate Private equity	40,107 100,134	48,272 112,105
	140,241	160,377

Information about the valuation techniques and significant assumptions used to determine the fair value of investments is set out in note 14 to these condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

During the period, the Group sold some of its investments which resulted in a gain of US\$ 888 thousand (period ended 30 June 2015: US\$ 55,426 thousand).

6 Asset management and incentive fees

Asset management fees recorded during the period are as follows:

		Three month	hs ended	Period from 1 July 2015 to	Period from 1 July 2014 to
	_	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
		2016	2015	2016	2015
	Note	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Base management fee	6.1	3,692	3,570	6,000	9,719

6 Asset management and incentive fees (continued)

Performance based incentive and deferred incentive fees (realised and unrealised) recorded during the period are as follows:

are as ronows.		Three mo	nths ended 31 Ma	arch 2016
		Realised	Unrealised	Total
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
				+ - *
Performance linked fees		5.4	(400)	(5.4)
Incentive fees	6.2	54	(108)	(54)
Deferred incentive fees	6.3	-	(36)	(36)
Directors' incentive fees	6.4	-	(15)	(15)
		54	(159)	(105)
		Three mo	nths ended 31 Ma	
		Realised	Unrealised	Total
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Performance linked fees				
Incentive fees	6.2	8,209	(6,022)	2,187
Deferred incentive fees	6.3	•	(1,291)	(1,291)
Directors' incentive fees	6.4	•	(63)	(63)
		8,209	(7,376)	833
		Period from	1 July 2015 to 31	March 2016
		Realised	Unrealised	Total
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Performance linked fees				
Incentive fees	6.2	213	(619)	(406)
Deferred incentive fees	6.3	-	(269)	(269)
Directors' incentive fees	6.4	-	(566)	(566)
		213	(1,454)	(1,241)
		Period from	1 July 2014 to 31	March 2015
		Realised	Unrealised	Total
	Notes	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Performance linked fees				
Incentive fees	6.2	8,744	(2,748)	5,996
Deferred incentive fees	6.3	-	94	94
Directors' incentive fees	6.4	-	351	351
		8,744	(2,303)	6,441
rm 12 2 c	C 11			
The accrued incentive fees are	as follows:			
			31 March	30 June
			2016 US\$ '000	2015 US\$ '000
Accrued directors incentive fe	105		19,572	33,333
Accrued incentive fees			16,280	21,407
		-	35,852	54,740
		_	,	

6 Asset management and incentive fees (continued)

Pursuant to the MSA signed between the Group and AIM, AIM is entitled to a base management fee, enhanced management fee, incentive fee and a deferred incentive fee.

- Base management fee represents fees paid to AIM for the rendering of services set forth in the MSA. The base management fee for the initial term represents a fixed fee and subsequent to the initial term will be paid based on certain percentages of the value of assets under management as defined in the MSA.
- AIM is entitled to receive incentive fees in connection with the sale of individual investments, if the Group's net sale proceeds exceed the agreed base values accreted by the required rate of return set forth in the MSA. Incentive fees are recognised by the Group upon the appreciation of the valuation of investments above the accreted base line values set in the MSA, assuming that the investments are disposed of at their fair values on the reporting date. Accordingly, incentive fees include both realised and unrealised fees based on either the net sale proceeds from the sale of investments during the period (realised) or the fair value of investments at the end of the reporting period (unrealised).
- 6.3 AIM is also entitled to receive a deferred incentive fee once the Group's investment portfolio is disposed of and subject to achieving a specific threshold factor as set forth in the MSA. The entire deferred fee is unrealised and has been determined on the basis of the fair value of the Group's net proceeds as at the reporting date. The deferred incentive fees recognised by the Group upon emergence amounted to US\$ 6.9 million.
- The Board of Directors are entitled to incentive fees beyond a certain distribution threshold. In addition, based on the RA Holdco 1 incentive compensation plan for non-employee directors signed and executed on 16 July 2015, the Board of Directors of the Company are entitled to receive incentive based on certain percentages of distributions to holders of the Sukuk Obligations and the New Arcapita Shares less amounts paid to allocated or credited non-employee members of the Board under the RA plan.

7 Other liabilities

	Notes	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	30 June 2015 US\$ '000
Convenience claims	7.1	133	446
Holdback reserves on exited investments	7.2	2,440	3,075
Due to deal companies		2,622	1,776
Other liabilities	_	3,015	3,132
	_	8,210	8,429

7.1 Pursuant to the Plan of Reorganization, certain prepetition creditors were given an option of receiving "convenience class" treatment on account of their claims pursuant to which their claim would be settled in cash at 50% of their actual liability with a cap of US\$ 12,500. These claims have been transferred to the Group pursuant to the Plan of Reorganization and are reflected at their expected settlement amounts.

7 Other liabilities (continued)

The total amount of convenience claims as at 31 March 2016, represents claims which have been submitted up to the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements and have been or are expected to be allowed. In future periods, additional claimants may either qualify or may opt for convenience class treatment which may result in the increase of convenience claims balance and decrease in obligation to senior class A preference shareholders; however, aggregate cash payments to convenience claim holders is capped at US\$ 9.7 million. As of the date of consolidated statement of financial position, the total convenience claims recognised by the Group amounted to US\$ 3.9 million (30 June 2015 US\$ 4.2 million) of which US\$ 3.7 million (30 June 2015: US\$ 3.8 million) has been settled.

7.2 This balance represents cash proceeds received in relation to the sale of certain assets and which are maintained to secure the Group's indemnity obligations (e.g., taxes, professional fees, and wind down expense), if any, pursuant to the terms of divesture of certain assets during the year. As discussed in note 3.3 of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, these cash balances are reserved specifically against this liability and hence have been excluded from cash and cash equivalents.

8 Senior class A preference shares

	31 March 2016	30 June 2015
Authorised:	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
- 500,000,000 senior class A-1 preference shares of US\$ 0.01 each	5,000	5,000
- 400,000,000 senior class A-1 preference shares of US\$ 0.01 each	4,000	4,000
	9,000	9,000
	31 March	30 June
	2016	2015
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Outstanding:		
- 4,631,389 senior class A-1 preference shares of US\$ 0.01 each	46	55
- 3,733,807 senior class A-2 preference shares of US\$ 0.01 each	37	45
	83	100
	31 March	30 June
	2016	2015
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Share premium:		
- 4,631,389 senior class A-1 preference shares of US\$ 80.99 each	375,096	445,445
- 3,733,807 senior class A-2 preference shares of US\$ 80.99 each	302,401	364,455
	677,497	809,900
	31 March	30 June
	2016	2015
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Net assets attributable to:		
- 4,631,389 senior class A-1 preference shares of US\$ 0.01 each	169,575	240,821
- 3,733,807 senior class A-2 preference shares of US\$ 0.01 each	136,398	197,035
	305,973	437,856

8 Senior class A preference shares (continued)

These senior class A-1 and A-2 preference shares have par value per share of US\$ 0.01, issued at US\$ 81 per share and rank pari passu in all respects with each other except with respect to voting rights relating to removal of certain directors of the Company. These have been issued on pro-rata basis to certain creditors of the Predecessor Company pursuant to the Plan of Reorganization.

As of the date of consolidated statement of financial position, the Group has carried out a reassessment of the cash out flow available to settle the senior preference shares and has shown the senior preference shares on that basis. The movement of change in carrying value of obligation to preference shareholders during the period is as follows:

Carrying value of obligation to preference shareholders	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	2015 US\$ '000
Beginning balance	437,856	436,827
Adjustment to priority and convenience claims	313	2,448
Distributions to senior class A preference shareholders Change in obligation due to:	(125,000)	-
Reassessment of cash outflow available due to loss for the period/year	(8,821)	(499)
Foreign currency translation gain of foreign operations	1,625	(920)
Ending balance	305,973	437,856

During the period, the Board of Directors approved distribution to senior class A preference shareholders in the amount of US\$ 125 million. The distribution payable to preference shareholders as of 31 March 2016 amounts to US\$ 3.7 million.

9 Commitments and contingencies

	Notes	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	30 June 2015 US\$ '000
Commitments			
Future operating lease commitments in			
respect of office spaces	9.1	400	634
Future operating sub lease commitments in			
respect of office spaces	9.1	(262)	(397)
	_	138	237

9 Commitments and contingencies (continued)

9.1 Contractual maturities of commitments

The following table illustrates the contractual payment obligations in respect of these commitments:

	;	31 March 2016	
	Less than 1 year US\$ '000	1 to 5 years US\$ '000	Total US\$ '000
Future operating lease commitments in respect of office spaces Future operating sub lease commitments in	319	81	400
respect of office spaces	(209)	(53)	(262)
	110	28	138
		30 June 2015	
	Less than 1 year US\$ '000	1 to 5 years US\$ '000	Total US\$ '000
Future operating lease commitments in respect of office spaces Future operating sub lease commitments in	315	319	634
respect of office spaces	(204)	(193)	(397)
	111	126	237

9.2 Contingencies

At 31 March 2016, there were seven pending legal cases against the Group in Bahraini Courts. One of the investors of the Bank was claiming US\$ 533 thousand plus 10% interest, and court fees and expenses with reference to his investment in Bank. In addition, one of the Bank's creditors is seeking in Bahraini court a principal amount of US\$ 6,192 thousand plus interest and certain costs and fees in connection with Riffa Views. Further, one party filed a case against the Bank claiming that he had an investment account with the Bank in the amount of US\$ 242 thousand and was denied access to that account. The Bahraini court entered an order requiring the Bank to pay the full US\$ 242 thousand plus 2% interest from the first anniversary of the order onwards. Another company filed an involuntary bankruptcy proceeding against the Bank, based on a claim that it is owed US\$ 3,000 thousand for its investments with the Bank. The above claims under the Plan of Reorganization were forfeited due to the failure to submit verification materials. In addition, two of the Bank's former employees filed labour claims for payment of bonus and compensation in the amount of US\$ 12 thousand.

No amount has been recognized as a provision since the Board of Directors considers these claims to be unjustified and the probability that they will require settlement at the Group's expense to be improbable. Further information on other contingencies is omitted so as not to seriously prejudice the Group's position in the related disputes.

10 Other income

	Three months ended		Period from 1 July 2015 to	Period from 1 July 2014 to	
-	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000	
Yield income	1,077	-	2,156	973	
Fee income on issue of a guarantee	-	329	1,340	1,799	
Recoveries/refund	-	8	81	185	
Liabilities written back	-	-	60	-	
Indemnity fee	-	-	-	1,248	
Miscellaneous	52	88	147	118	
	1,129	425	3,784	4,323	

11 Financing expenses

	Three months ended		Period from 1 July 2015 to	Period from 1 July 2014 to
•	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000
Finance charges on: Due to a financial institution Obligation under sale and lease	-	3,139		10,543
back transaction Obligations under mudaraba	-	4,001 11,614	-	17,694 44,064
·	•	18,754	•	72,301

12 Legal and professional expenses

		Period from	Period from
Three monti	hs ended	1 July 2015 to	1 July 2014 to
31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
2016	2015	2016	2015
US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
968	2,314	2,544	6,476
581	1,310	2,169	3,581
50	7	183	248
81	40	178	99
27	34	107	106
1,707	3,705	5,181	10,510
	31 March 2016 US\$ '000 968 581 50 81 27	2016 US\$ '000 968 2,314 581 50 7 81 40 27 34	31 March 31 March 31 March 2016 2015 2016 US\$ '000 US\$ '000 US\$ '000 968 2,314 2,544 581 1,310 2,169 50 7 183 81 40 178 27 34 107

13 General and administrative expenses

	Three months ended		Period from 1 July 2015 to	Period from 1 July 2014 to
•	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000
Board and committee remuneration	775	639	1,925	1,861
Office rent	118	108	274	336
Annual maintenance	69	21	204	242
Deal expenses	-	31	75	166
Miscellaneous	8	187	305	1,042
•	970	986	2,783	3,647

14 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received upon the sale of an asset or that would be paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The Group's financial instruments have been classified in accordance with their measurement basis as follows:

	At fair value through	At cost/ amortised	T 4.1
31 March 2016	profit or loss US\$ '000	cost US\$ '000	Total US\$ '000
31 Maich 2010	00 0 000	000 000	000
Assets			
Balances with banks	-	44,637	44,637
Receivables	-	166,038	166,038
Investments	140,241	-	140,241
	140,241	210,675	350 <u>,916</u>
	At fair value through	At cost/ amortised	
	profit or loss	cost	Total
31 March 2016	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Liabilities			
Accrued incentive fees	-	35,852	35,852
Distribution payable to preference shareholders	-	3,699	3,699
Other liabilities	-	8,210	8,210
Senior class A preference shares		305,973	305,973
	•	353,734	353,734

14 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

	At fair value through	At cost/ amortised	
	profit or loss	cost	Total
30 June 2015	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Assets			
Balances with banks	-	164,296	164,296
Receivables	-	174,331	174,331
Investments	160,377	-	160,377
	160,377	338,627	499,004
Liabilities			
Accrued incentive fees	-	54,740	54,740
Other liabilities	-	8,429	8,429
Senior class A preference shares	-	437,856	437,856
		501,025	501,025

Fair value hierarchy

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices). This category includes financial instruments valued using quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted market prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques in which all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data; and

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs). This category includes all instruments for which the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have significant effect on the financial instrument's valuation.

The table below analyses financial instruments measured at fair value at the reporting date, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value measurement is categorised. The amounts are based on the values recognised in the condensed consolidated statement of financial position.

				Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	fair values
31 March 2016	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Real estate	-	-	40,107	40,107
Private equity	-	-	100,134	100,134
	-		140,241	140,241
				Total
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	fair values
30 June 2015	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Real estate	-	-	48,272	48,272
Private equity	-	-	112,105	112,105
		•	160,377	160,377

14 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Movements in level 3 financial instruments measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening and closing amount of level 3 financial assets which are recorded at fair value:

	Unquoted 31 March 2016 US\$ '000	Unquoted 30 June 2015 US\$ '000
Opening balance Net movements attributable to exited deals	160,377 (4,756)	985,398 (859,540)
Fair value (loss) / gain, net	(15,380)	34,519
Ending balance	140,241	160,377

Valuation processes of the Group

The Group has engaged third party qualified valuation experts to perform the valuation of the Group's investment portfolio as at the date of the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position. The third party valuers have utilised methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. These include discounted cash flows, earnings multiples and comparable market transactions approaches for private equity investments. Real estate investments were measured using the sales approach, discounted cash flows or the capitalization of future cash streams of the underlying asset using prevailing capitalization rate for similar properties or similar geographies. The valuation experts applied their judgment in determining the appropriate valuation techniques and considerations of unobservable valuation inputs used in valuation models which include discount rates, exit multiples, specific risk premiums, control premiums and comparable assets or companies.

The external valuers provided the Board of Directors with a range of values which were determined on the basis of different valuation approaches. The Board of Directors applied their judgment in determining appropriate values for individual investments from within the range which in their view is more representative of the fair value under the market conditions as at the date of the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position.

The techniques used by the independent valuation experts to determine fair values are described in detail below:

Valuation techniques used to derive level 3 fair values

Market approach

The market approach provides fair value indications for a company through a comparison with guideline public companies or guideline transactions. The market approach entails selecting relevant financial metrics of the subject company, such as revenues, earnings or cash flows, and capitalizing those amounts using valuation multiples that are based on empirical market observations.

Firms engaged in the same or similar businesses, whose securities are actively traded, are selected for comparative purposes, and their capitalization rates are used as a guide in selecting appropriate risk-adjusted rates for the subject company. Enterprise value to earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EV/EBITDA") ratios, established in active arm's length trading, are expressions of what prudent investors believe are fair and reasonable rates of return for these securities. Thus, they are interpreted as being reliable indicators of fair capitalization rates for the subject business, appropriately adjusted for risk factors.

14 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Income approach

The income approach provides fair value indications for a company, asset, debt or other investment through an analysis of its projected economic earnings (i.e., net operating income or cash flows), discounted to present value. The Discounted Cash Flow (DCF) analysis, a commonly used method under the income approach, estimates the present value of the projected cash flows to be generated by the subject company, asset, debt or other investment. The discount rate used in the DCF analysis is intended to reflect all relevant risks associated with realizing the stream of projected cash flows.

Asset-based (cost) approach

Under this method, a valuation analysis is performed for a company's identified fixed, financial, intangible and other assets. The derived aggregate fair values are then offset by the estimated fair values of all existing and potential liabilities, resulting in an indicated range of values attributable to Shareholders' equity. This method was utilised in valuing investment companies where operating earnings are insignificant relative to the value of the underlying assets.

Sales comparison approach

In the sales comparison approach, the appraiser develops an opinion of value by comparing the property being valued to similar properties that have been sold within a reasonable period from the valuation date, applying appropriate units of comparison, and making adjustments to the sale prices of the comparable based on the elements of comparison.

The following approaches have been utilised by the valuation experts to value real estate investments:

Direct capitalization approach

The direct capitalization approach measures the property's capacity to generate future benefits and capitalises the income into an indication of value. Using the direct capitalization approach, a net operating income (or net cash flow) from real estate operations is capitalised by an appropriate rate of return (of one year's net operating income). The resulting present value of the future cash flow stream represents an indication of fair value.

Discounted cash flow approach

The discounted cash flow approach measures the property's capacity to generate future benefits for a specified holding period and capitalises the income into an indication of value. Using the discounted cash flow approach, a net operating income (or net cash flow) from real estate operations or the sale of assets is discounted by an appropriate rate of return over the forecast of net cash flows projected over an appropriate investment horizon. The resulting present value of the future cash flow stream represents an indication of value. The technique used is dependent on the characteristics of the asset and the method used to value them.

14 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

Description of significant unobservable inputs to valuation

Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Range	The estimated fair value would increase (decrease) if:
Direct capitalization approach	Capitalization rate	7.5% - 8%	Capitalization rates were lower (higher)
Sales comparison approach	US\$ per acre:	140,000 - 170,000	Sales multiples derived from prices
	BHD per square feet	45.0 - 100.0	were higher (lower)
Discounted cash flow approach	Discount rates:	0.0% - 32.5%	Discount rates were lower (higher)
	Long-term growth rate:	1.0% to 3.0%	Long-term growth rate higher (lower)
	Terminal multiple:	2.5x to 7.5x	Terminal multiple was higher (lower)
Market approach	LTM EBITDA multiples:	4.5x to 8.5x	LTM EBITDA multiples were higher (lower)
	NFY, EBITDA multiples:	4.5x to 7.5x	NFY, EBITDA multiples were higher (lower)
	NFY + 1, EBITDA multiples:	6.5x to 7.0x	NFY+1, EBITDA multiples were higher (lower)
	Asset multiples:	0.30x - 0.6x	Assets multiples were higher (lower)
	Control premium:	0% - 30%	Control premiums were higher (lower)

14 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

The effect of unobservable inputs on fair value measurement

Although the Group believes that its estimates of fair value are appropriate, the use of different methodologies or assumptions could lead to different measurements of fair values. For fair value measurements in level 3, changing one or more of the assumptions used to reasonably possible alternative assumptions would have the following effects:

31 March 2016

			Impact on	income
			Favour-	Unfavour-
	Unobservable inputs	Change	able	able
	·		US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Private Equity	EBITDA multiples	+/- 10%	64,908	(66,654)
investments	Asset multiples	+/- 10%	479	(495)
	Terminal multiples	+/- 10%	-	-
	Discount rates	+/- 1%	398	(367)
Real Estate investments	Capitalization rates	+/- 1%	682	(561)
	Price per sq. ft. / acres	+/- 10%	7,445	1,333
	Discount rates	+/- 1%	5,453	3,025
30 June 2015				
			Impact on	
			Favour-	Unfavour-
	Unobservable inputs	Change	able	able
			US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Private Equity	EBITDA multiples	+/- 10%	44,541	(44,623)
investments	Asset multiples	+/- 10%	477	(495)
	Terminal multiples	+/- 10%	6,690	(6,690)
	Discount rates	+/- 1%	3,867	(3,799)
Real Estate investments	Capitalization rates	+/- 1%	682	(561)
	Price per sq. ft. / acres	+/- 10%	3,477	(3,402)
	Discount rates	+/- 1%	1,108	(1,039)

Financial instruments not measured at fair value

The following table sets out the fair values of financial instruments not measured at fair value and analyses them by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which each fair value measurement is categorised.

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total fair values	Total carrying amount
US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
44,637	-5.	-	44,637	44,637
-	-	•	•	165,522
		516	516 	516
44,637		166,038	210,675	210,675
	-	35,852	35,852	35,852
	9 - 5	8,210	8,210	8,210
8		44,062	44,062	44,062
	US\$ '000 44,637 - - 44,637	US\$ '000 US\$ '000 44,637 - 44,637 -	US\$ '000 US\$ '000 US\$ '000 44,637 - 165,522 - 516 44,637 - 166,038 - 35,852 - 8,210	Level 1 Level 2 Level 3 values US\$ '000 US\$ '000 US\$ '000 US\$ '000 44,637 - - 44,637 - - 165,522 165,522 - - 516 516 44,637 - 166,038 210,675 - - 35,852 35,852 - - 8,210 8,210

14 Fair value of financial instruments (continued)

				Total fair	Total carrying
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	values	amount
30 June 2015	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Assets					
Balances with banks Due from investee	164,296	-	•	164,296	164,296
companies	-	-	173,841	173,841	173,841
Other receivables	-	-	490	490	490
	164,296		174,331	338,627	338,627
Liabilities					
Accrued incentive fees	-	-	54,740	54,740	54,740
Other liabilities	-		8,429	8,429	8,429
	-	-	63,169	63,169	63,169

Balances with banks represent cash and cash equivalents and are due on demand. The carrying value of these balances represents their fair value.

The recoverability of due from investee companies, i.e. investment related receivables (management fee receivables, murabaha with investee companies and receivables from investee companies) were determined through waterfall calculations, which used the enterprise values as determined by the independent valuation experts. The carrying amounts therefore approximate the fair value of these receivables.

The fair value of obligation under senior class A preference shares cannot be ascertained accurately as there are no comparable market transactions of similar instruments. Further, this obligation does not have a fixed repayment schedule and their repayment is subject to the repayment of priority claims. Accordingly, this obligation has not been disclosed in the above table.

Other receivables and other liabilities are current in nature and the fair values of these financial instruments approximate their carrying values.

15 Related party balances and transactions

Related parties consist of associated companies, significant shareholders, directors and entities controlled, jointly controlled or significantly influenced by such parties. Pricing policies and terms of the transactions carried out with the investee companies were approved by the previous board of directors of Arcapita and those approved agreements were transferred to the Group in accordance with the Plan of Reorganization. Any related party transactions subsequent to the date of emergence have been approved by the Group's Board of Directors.

15 Related party balances and transactions (continued)

Balances with related parties included in the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position are as follows:

	3	1 March 2016	
	Gross		Net
	receivables	Provisions	receivables
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Assets			
Murabaha with investee companies	301,152	(255,636)	45,516
Management fee receivables	178,598	(68,565)	110,033
Receivables from investee companies	27,662	(17,689)	9,973
	507,412	(341,890)	165,522
		30 June 2015	
	Gross		Net
	receivables	Provisions	receivables
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Assets			
Murabaha with investee companies	309,290	(260,869)	48,421
Management fee receivables	178,361	(65,834)	112,527
Receivables from investee companies	30,804	(17,911)	12,893
	518,455	(344,614)	173,841
		31 March	30 June
		2016	2015
		US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Liabilities			
Due to members of the Board of Directors		19,641	33,382
Due to investee companies		2,622	1,776
Payable to RA Group entities		-	1,348
		22,263	36,506

Transactions with related parties included in the condensed interim consolidated statement of profit or loss are as follows:

	Three months ended		Unaudited Period from 1 July 2015 to	Unaudited Period from 1 July 2014 to	
_	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000	31 March 2016 US\$ '000	31 March 2015 US\$ '000	
Management fee income Profit on murabaha with investee	8,660	8,432	21,149	28,185	
companies	1,319	3,967	4,087	11,696	
Remuneration to the Board of Directors Incentive fee to the Board of Directors	775 (15)	639 (63)	1,925 (566)	1,861 351	
Reversal / (charge) of provisions against receivables, net	4,105	(2,607)	4,213	(3,406)	

16 Post-reporting date events

On 18 May 2016, the Company announced that it had approved a partial redemption of its Class A Preferred Shares issued pursuant to the Second Amended Joint Plan of Reorganization of the Bank in the amount of \$21 per share.

17 Comparative

Comparative figures for the previous period have been reclassified/re-arranged wherever necessary to conform with the presentation in the current period's condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

18 Adjustments relating to correction of prior period errors

In prior periods, the Group did not record certain unrealised incentive fees payable. Further, there were misstatements identified in the priority and convenience claims. These errors were subsequently identified and corrected by the Group.

The errors were made in prior reporting periods. Therefore, the condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2015 and consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity for the period from 1 July 2014 to 31 March 2015 have been restated as follows:

Condensed interim consolidated financial statements line item / balance affected :

	Previously Reported 31 March 2015 US\$ '000	Correction / adjustment of errors US\$ '000	Restated 31 March 2015 US\$ '000
Condensed interim consolidated statement of financial position:			
Accrued incentive fees (unrealised)	29,024	6,515	35,539
Senior class A preference shares	444,942	(2,211)	442,731
Other liabilities - priority claims	4,127	(4,127)	-
Other liabilities - convenience claims	852	(177)	675
	Previously		
	Reported Period from		Restated Period from
	1 July 2014 to	Correction /	1 July 2014 to
	31 March	adjustment	31 March
	2015	of errors	2015
	US\$ '000	US\$ '000	US\$ '000
Condensed interim consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income:			
Performance based incentive fees Unrealised	2,599	(296)	2,303

Adjustments relating to correction of prior period errors (continued)

1	Previously reported Period from January 2015 to 31 March 2015 US\$ '000	Correction / adjustment of errors US\$ '000	Restated Period from 1 January 2015 to 31 March 2015 US\$ '000
Condensed interim consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income: Performance based incentive fees Unrealised	7,628	(252)	7,376